

# Edge Turbulence Flows at Two Different Poloidal Angles in Alcator C-Mod

S.J. Zweben<sup>1</sup>, J.L. Terry<sup>2</sup>, M. Agostini<sup>3</sup>, W.M. Davis<sup>1</sup>, O. Grulke<sup>4</sup>,  
J. Hughes<sup>2</sup>, B. LaBombard<sup>2</sup>, M. Landreman,  
Y. Ma<sup>2</sup>, D. Pace<sup>5</sup>, B.D. Scott<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory, Princeton, NJ 08540*

<sup>2</sup>*Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139*

<sup>3</sup>*Consorzio RFX, Associazione EURATOM, I-35127, Padova, Italy*

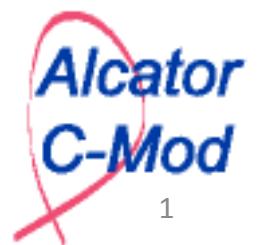
<sup>4</sup> *Max Planck Institute for Plasma Physics, D-17489, Greifswald, Germany*

<sup>5</sup> *General Atomics Corporation, San Diego, CA 92121*

<sup>6</sup>*Max Planck Institute for Plasma Physics, D-85748 Garching, Germany*



Abstract Log Number DPP12-2012-000282  
2:00 PM on Tuesday, 10/30/12



# Outline of This Poster

- Background and goals
- Gas puff imaging diagnostic and analysis
- Spatial structure X-region vs. midplane
- Poloidal velocity X-region vs. midplane
- Summary and conclusions

## Background and Goals

- Turbulence measured by GPI in SOL of C-Mod near X-point region had a *different structure* than that at outer midplane [1]
- Turbulence measured by GPI in edge and SOL near outer midplane *sometimes* seemed to have poloidal ‘zonal flows’ [2]

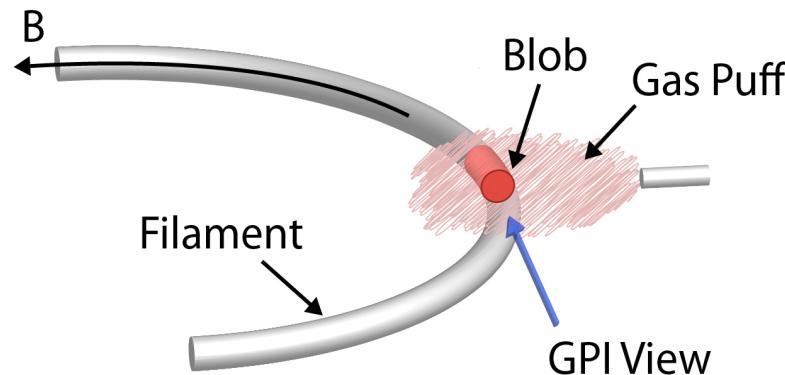
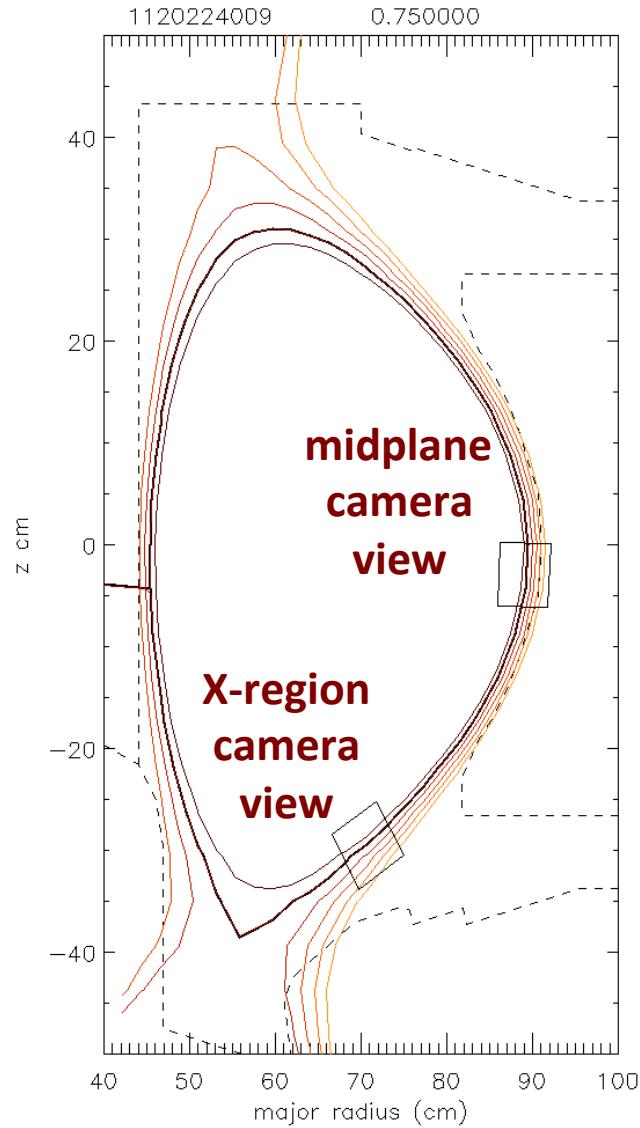
### Goals:

- ⇒ **re-visit structure of X-region SOL turbulence with better data**
- ⇒ **compare turbulence velocity in X-region with outer midplane**

[1] J.L. Terry, S.J. Zweben et al, J. Nucl. Mat. 390-291 (2009) 339

[2] S.J. Zweben, J.L. Terry et al, PPCF 54 (2012) 025008

# Gas Puff Imaging Diagnostic on C-Mod



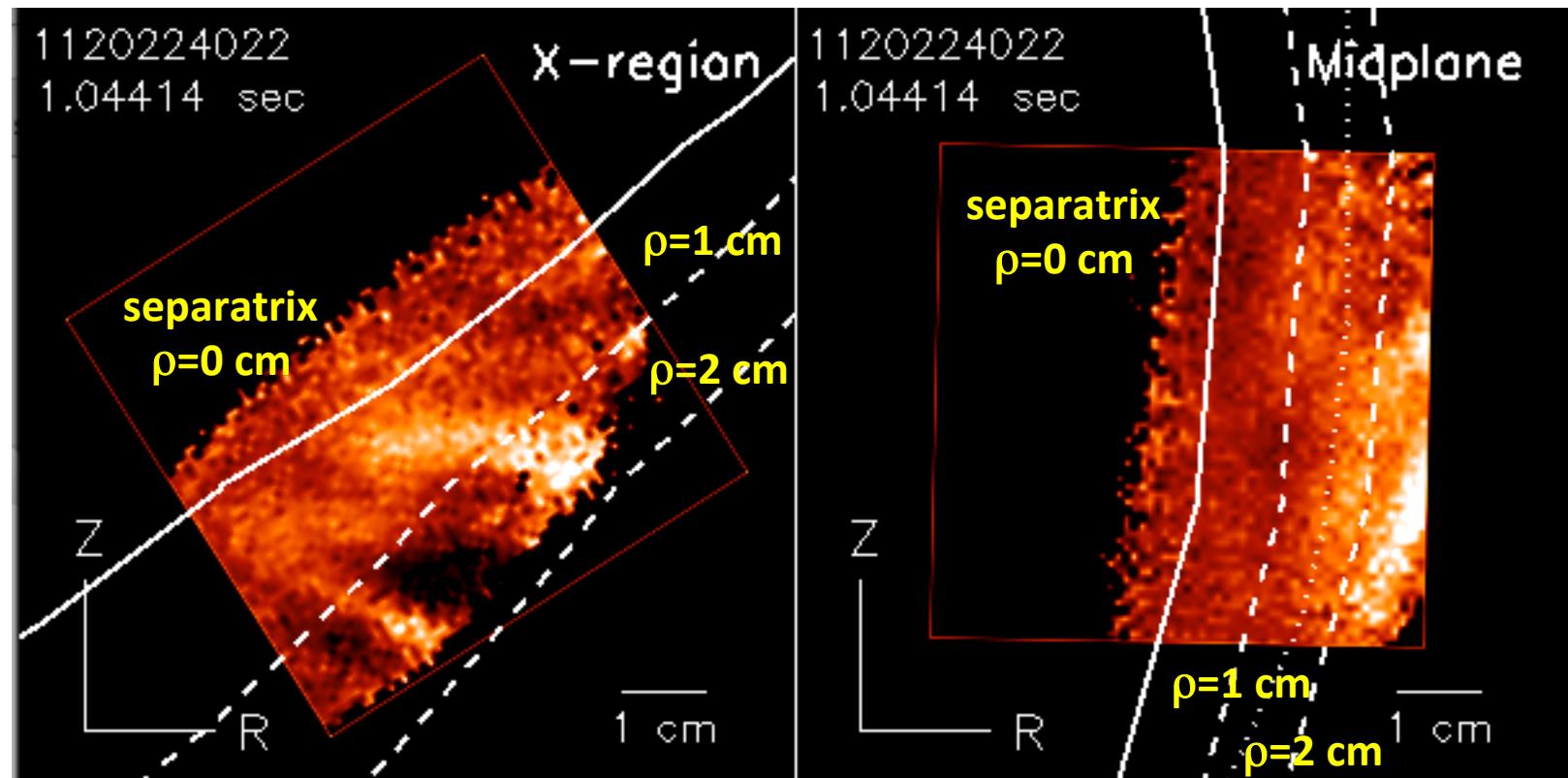
GPI cameras data for 2012 run  
Viewing HeI emission (587.6 nm)  
Viewing areas 5.9 cm x 5.9 cm  
64 x 64 pixels in each view  
390,800 frames/sec each camera  
exposure time 2.1  $\mu$ sec/frame  
using Phantom 710 cameras

# C-Mod Plasmas for this Poster

<b>Shot</b>	<b>Times (sec)</b>	<b>I(MA)</b>	<b>B(T)</b>	<b>n/10<sup>14</sup></b>	<b>RF(MW)</b>	<b>Comments</b>
1120224009	0.701-0.706	0.9	4.6	1.1	2.3	L-mode, 2 kHz oscillation
1120224015	0.801-0.805	1.0	6.0	1.3	3.7	L-mode, 4 kHz oscillation
1120224022	1.044-1.148	1.0	5.25	1.0	2.6	dithering L-H mode
1120224023	1.113-1.116	1.0	5.25	1.4	2.9	H-mode, 3 kHz oscillation
1120224024	1.130-1.135	1.0	5.25	1.7	2.8	H-mode, 2 kHz oscillation
1120224027	1.144-1.148	0.9	4.6	1.3	3.0	L-mode, 4 kHz oscillation
1120224030	1.087-1.091	0.9	4.6	2.0	3.5	L-H transition @ 1.090 sec
1120712026	1.440-1.444	0.73	4.22	3.5	0	Ohmic
1120712027	1.440-1.444	0.73	4.22	3.6	0	Ohmic
1120712028	1.440-1.443	0.73	4.95	2.6	0	Ohmic
1120712029	1.440-1.443	0.73	4.95	2.2	0	Ohmic
1120815018	1.270-1.274	0.90	5.6	2.5	2.9	H-mode
1120815021	1.190-1.193	0.91	5.6	2.0	2.0	H-mode
1120815030	1.260-1.264	0.91	5.6	1.9	2.6	H-mode
1120815034	1.150-1.153	0.91	5.6	2.0	3.1	H-mode

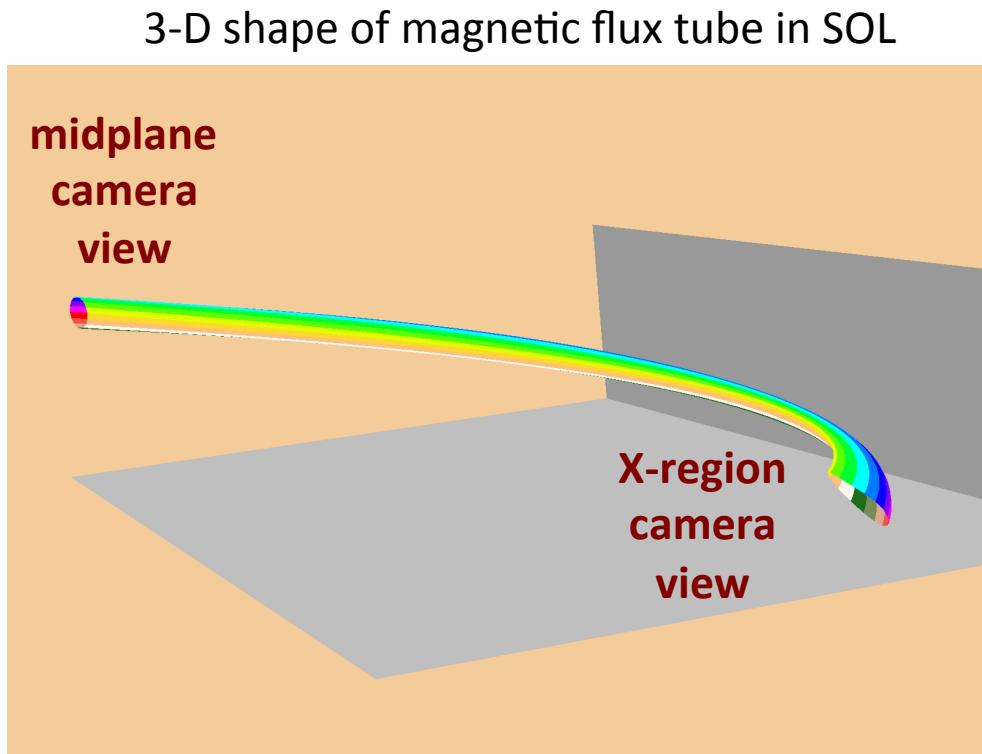
# Turbulence Images at Midplane and X-region

- Turbulence visible mainly outside separatrix in this database
- These images normalized to time-average (colorscale of 0.5 - 1.5)
- Movies at: <http://www.pppl.gov/~szweben/CMod2012both/CMod2012both.html>

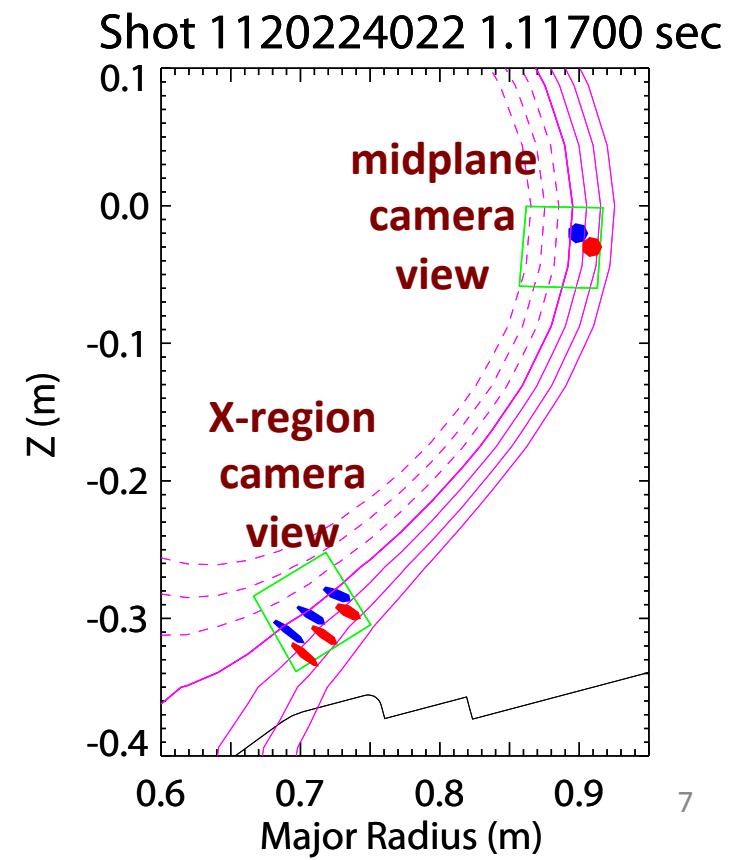


# Magnetic Flux Tube Mapping

- Circular flux tubes at midplane GPI region map to tilted, radially elongated tubes near X-region due to flux expansion and shear
- These two GPI views are *not* connected along a single flux tube

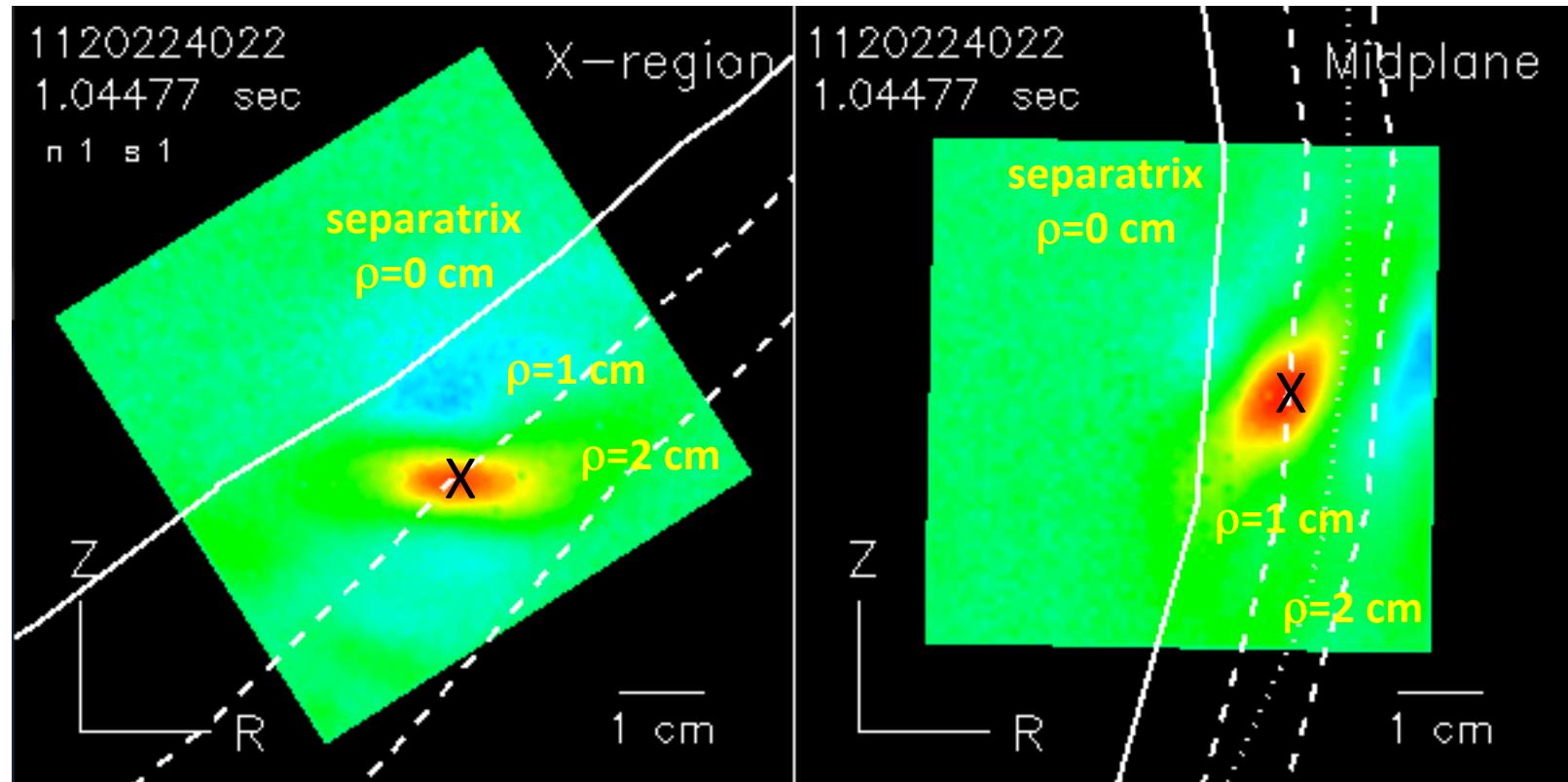


Visualization by Eliot Feibush (PPPL)



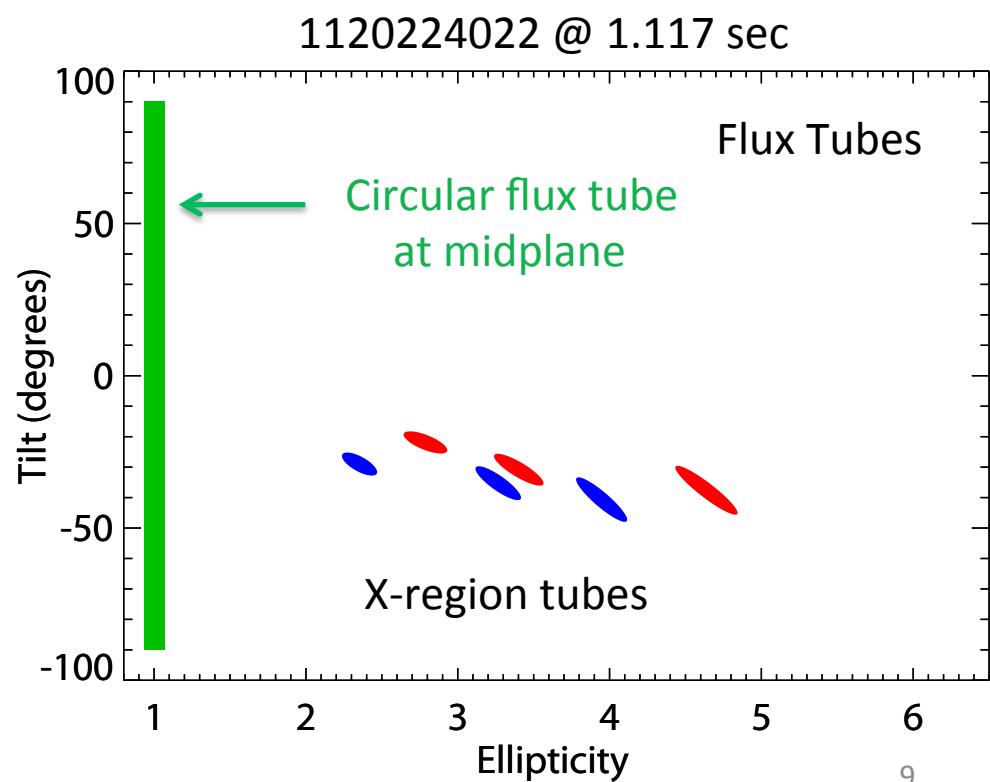
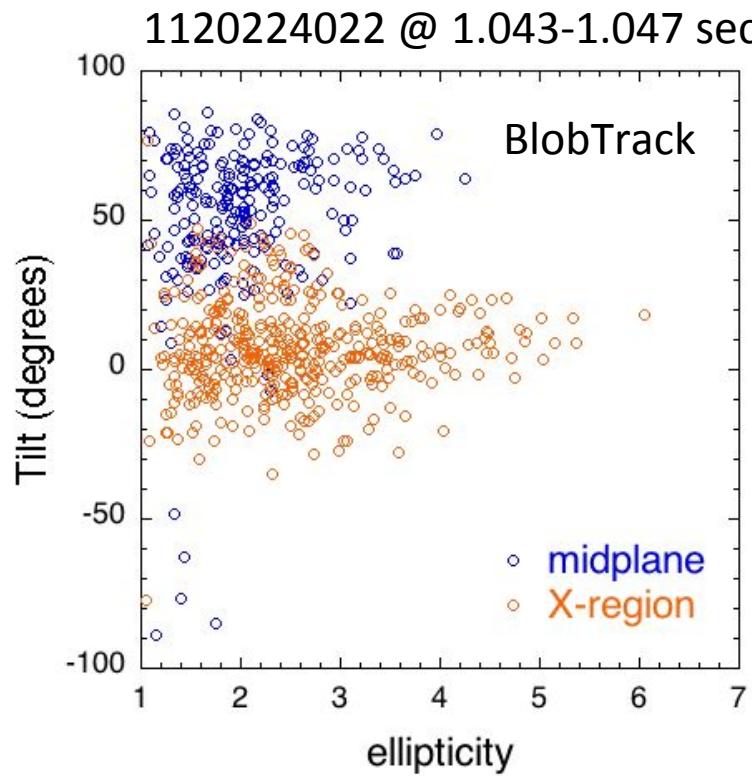
# Turbulence Structure X-region vs. Midplane

- Calculate zero-time delay cross-correlation function from a point (X)
- Shape of turbulence significantly different in X-region and midplane
- Similar to previous results from C-Mod SOL [Terry et al, JNM '09]



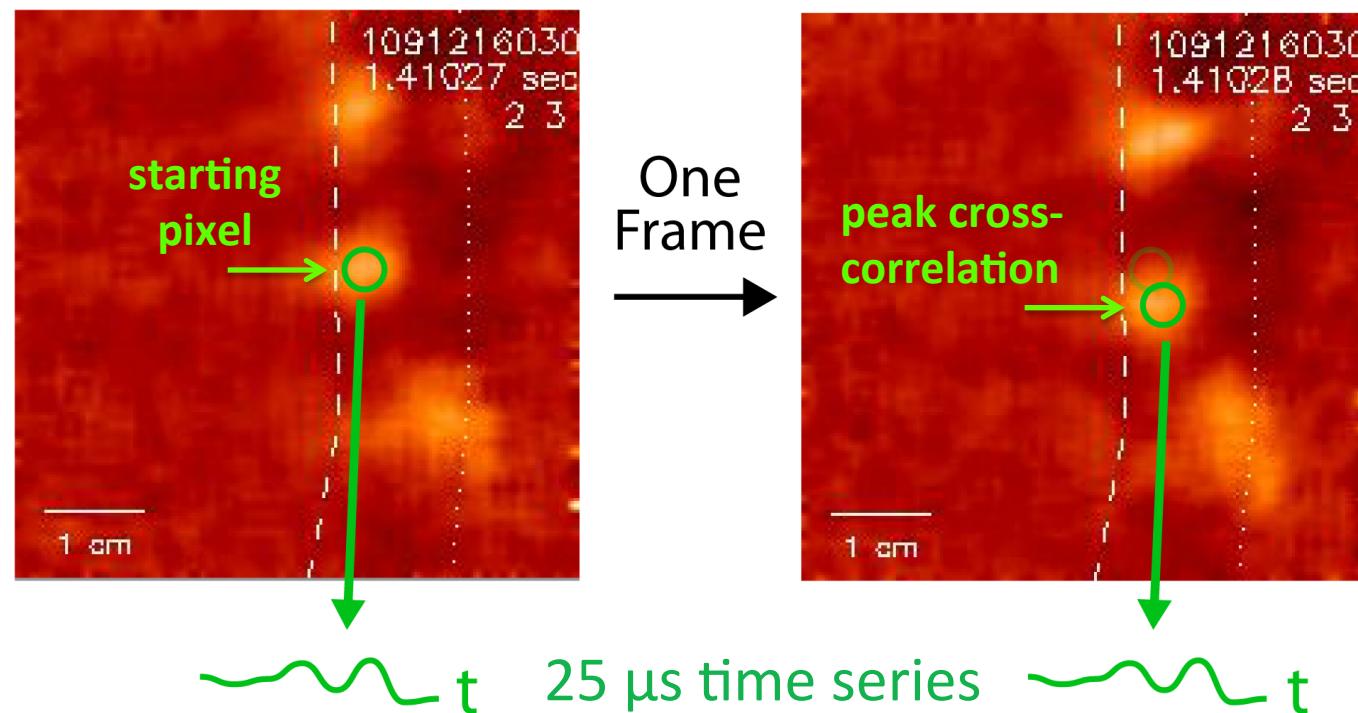
# Blob Structure X-region vs. Midplane

- Blob structures can be characterized using PPPL BlobTrack code by  
Ellipticity = long/short size and Tilt = angle with respect to major R
- Clear difference between midplane and X-region blobs in data, but  
not yet clear whether this is consistent with a common flux tube



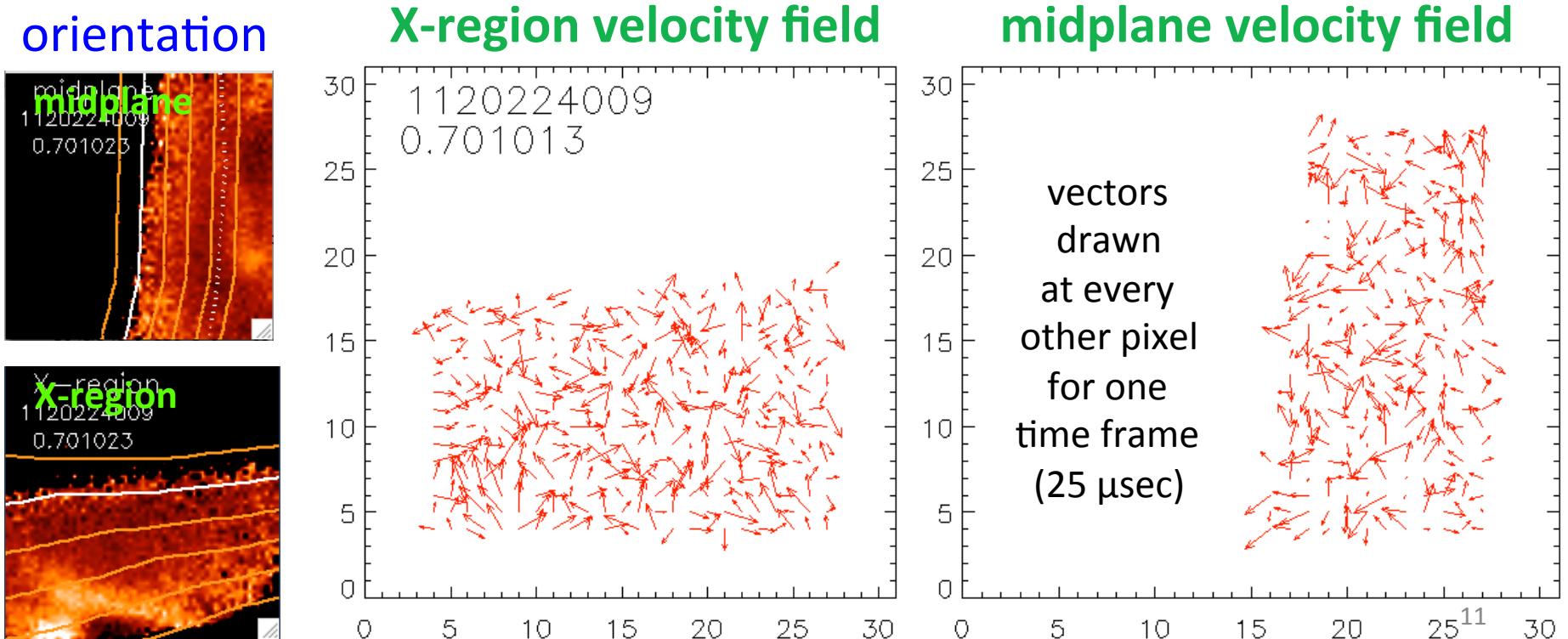
# Method to Evaluate Turbulence Velocity

- Use time-delayed 2-D cross-correlation with one frame delay, find maximum cross-correlation over  $t \sim 25 \mu\text{s}$  and  $\pm 0.7 \text{ cm}$
- Evaluate turbulence velocity for all pixels for all frames to get time dependent poloidal velocity



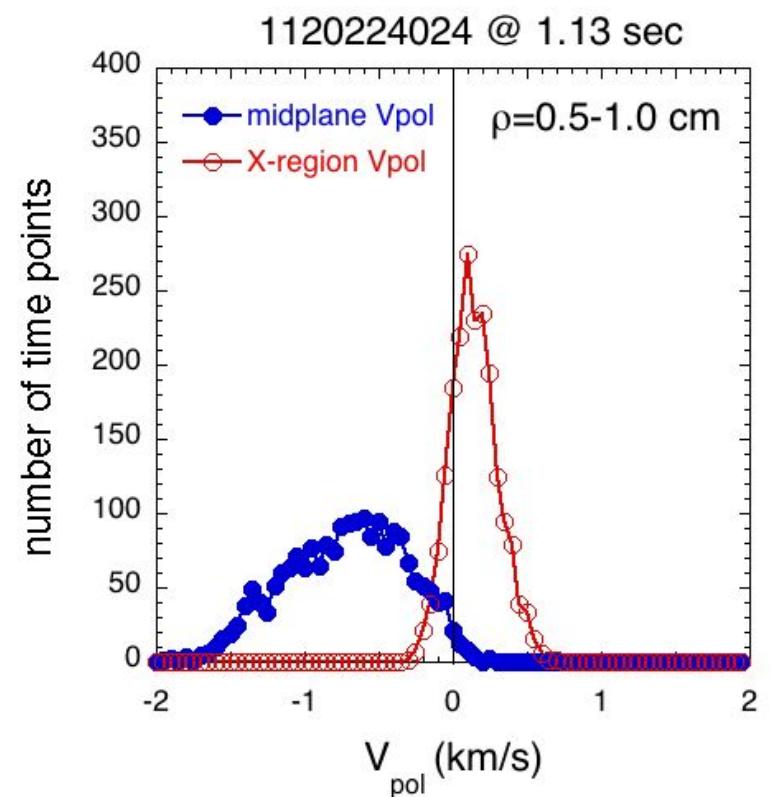
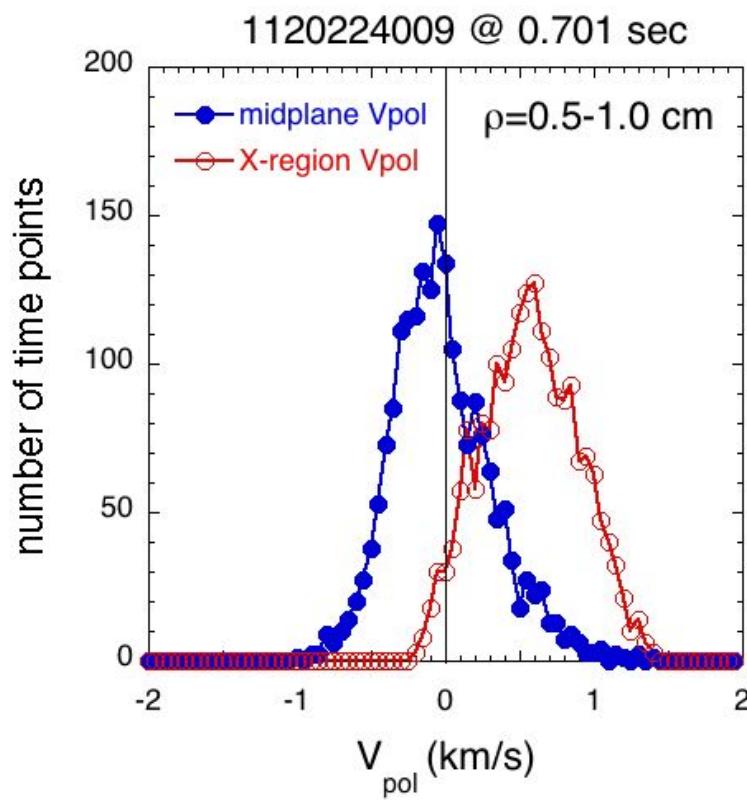
## 2-D Maps of Turbulence Velocity vs. Time

- Remove pixels with small signal/noise level (inside separatrix)
- Calculate 2-D velocity vectors at each pixel *at each time frame*
- Significant random (turbulent) component in these velocities



# Turbulence Velocity Distributions

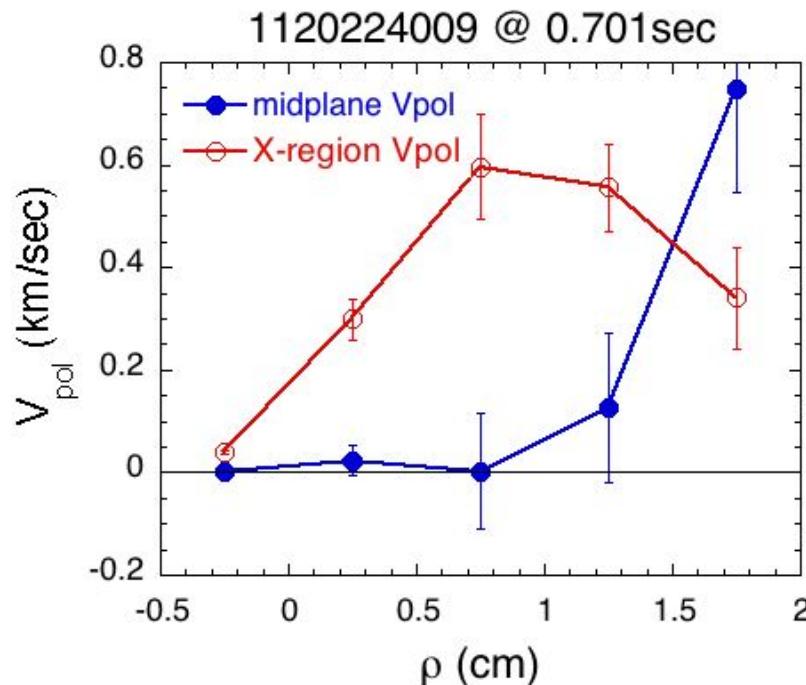
- Average poloidal velocities over radial zones 0.5 cm wide
- Poloidal velocity distributions usually within  $\pm 2$  km/sec
- Significant differences between midplane and X-region



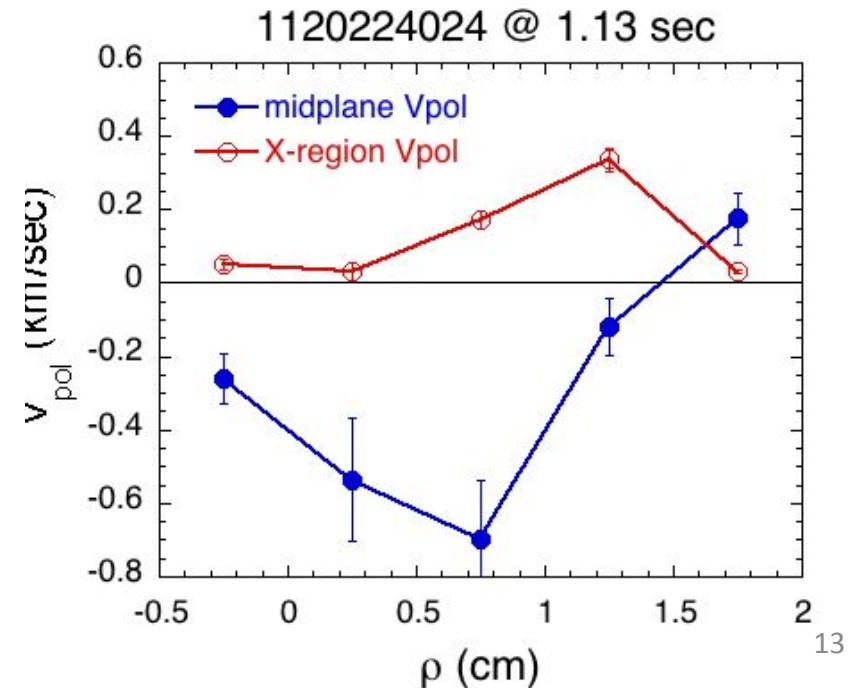
# Time-Averaged Turbulence Velocity Profiles

- Radial profiles of  $V_{\text{pol}}$  are different at midplane and X-region
- Error bars are RMS fluctuations in  $V_{\text{pol}}$  vs. time at that radius

**RF-driven L-mode plasma**  
 $B=4.6 \text{ T}$ ,  $I=0.9 \text{ MA}$ , LSN  
 $2.3 \text{ MW RF}$ ,  $1.2 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

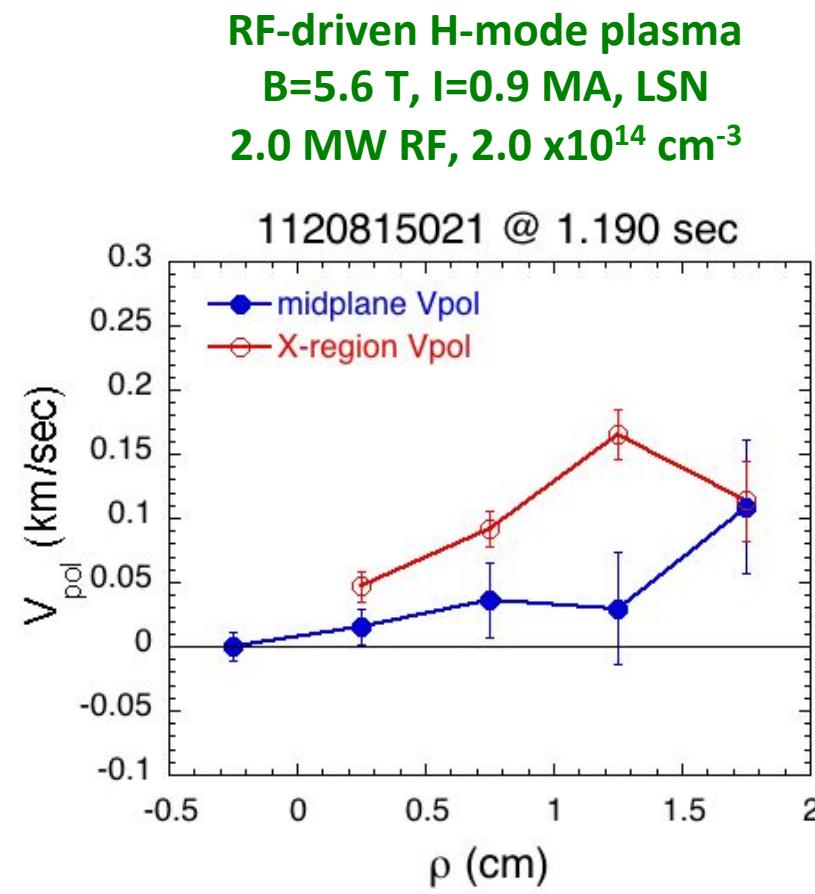
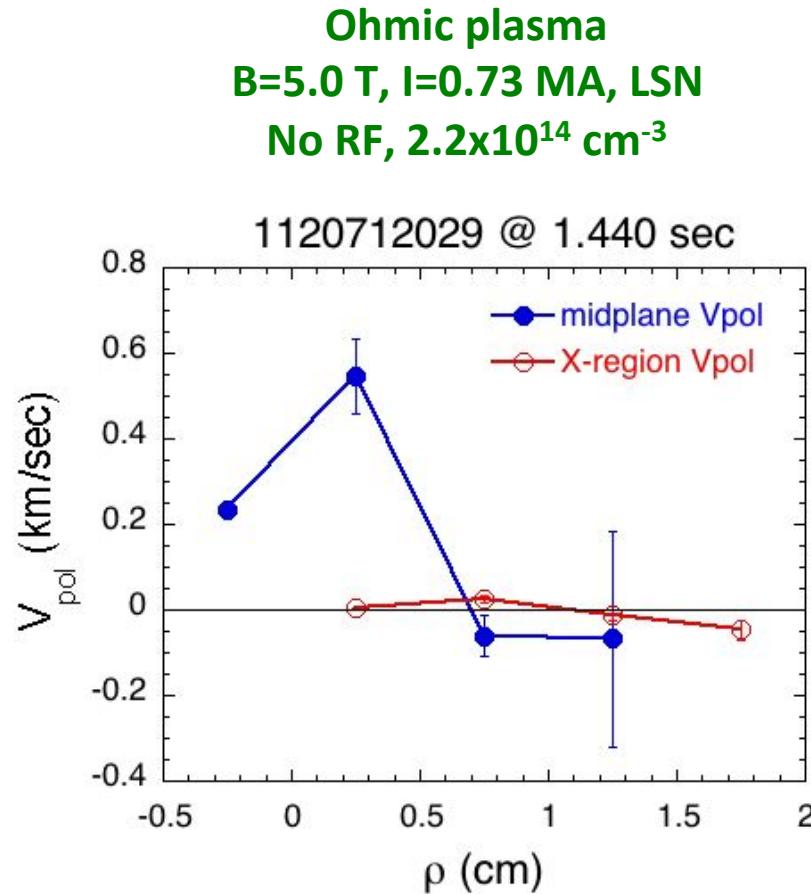


**RF-driven H-mode plasma**  
 $B=5.25 \text{ T}$ ,  $I=1.0 \text{ MA}$ , LSN  
 $2.8 \text{ MW RF}$ ,  $1.6 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$



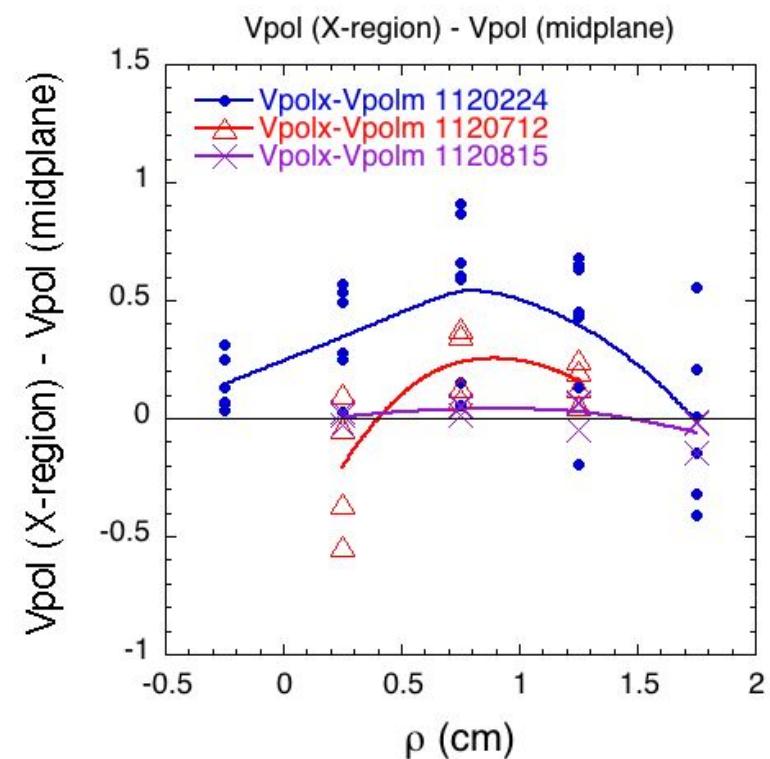
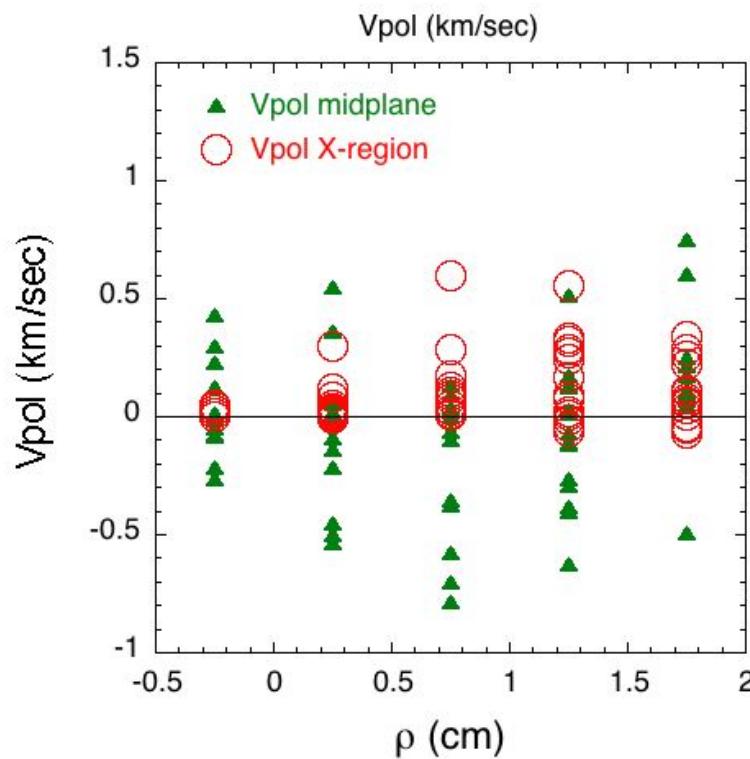
# More Turbulence Poloidal Velocity Profiles

- Radial profiles of  $V_{\text{pol}}$  vary significantly with different discharges



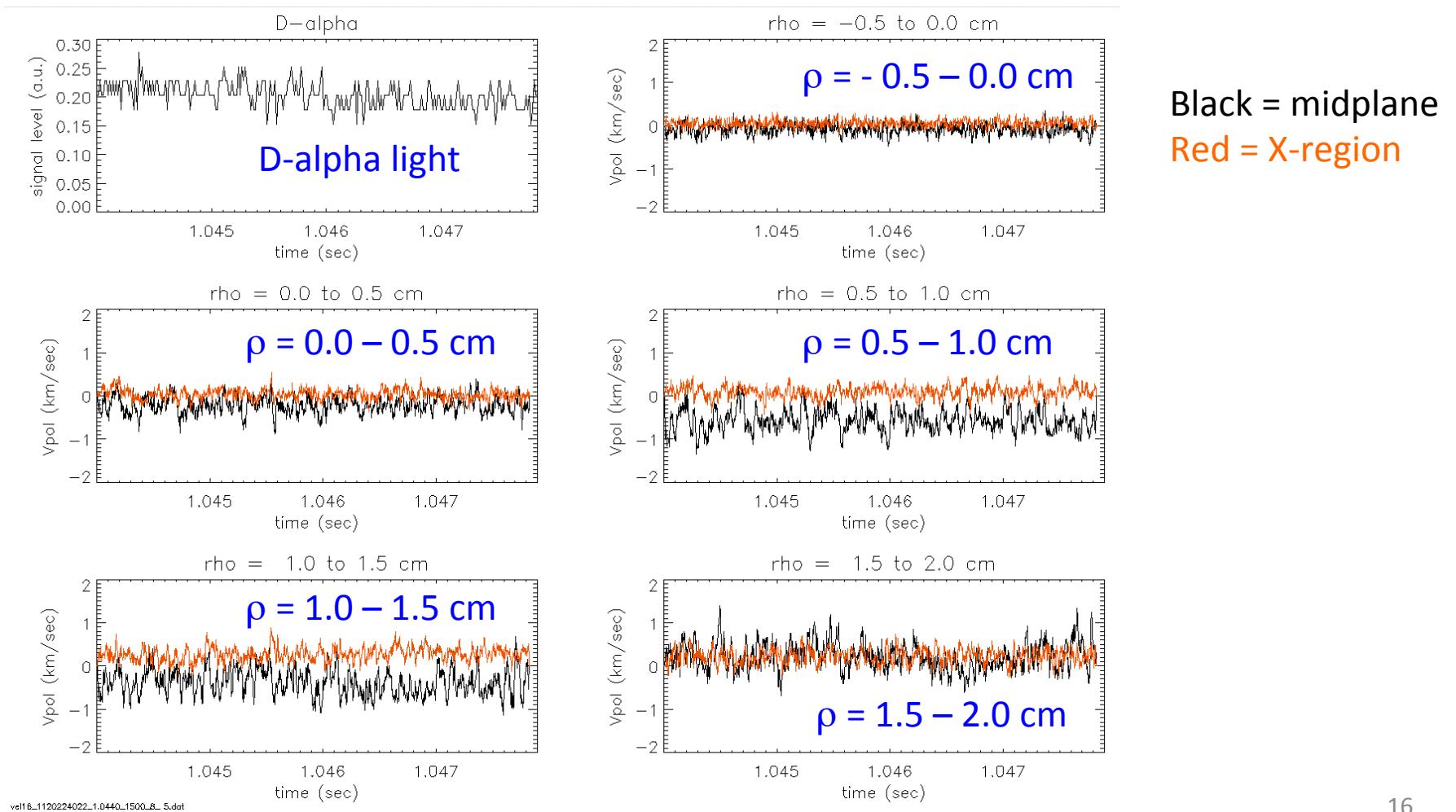
# Midplane vs. X-region Velocity Database

- Poloidal velocity in midplane can be either upward or downward
- Poloidal velocity in X-region is usually upward (toward midplane)
- Relative flows are usually converging toward each other (+ below)



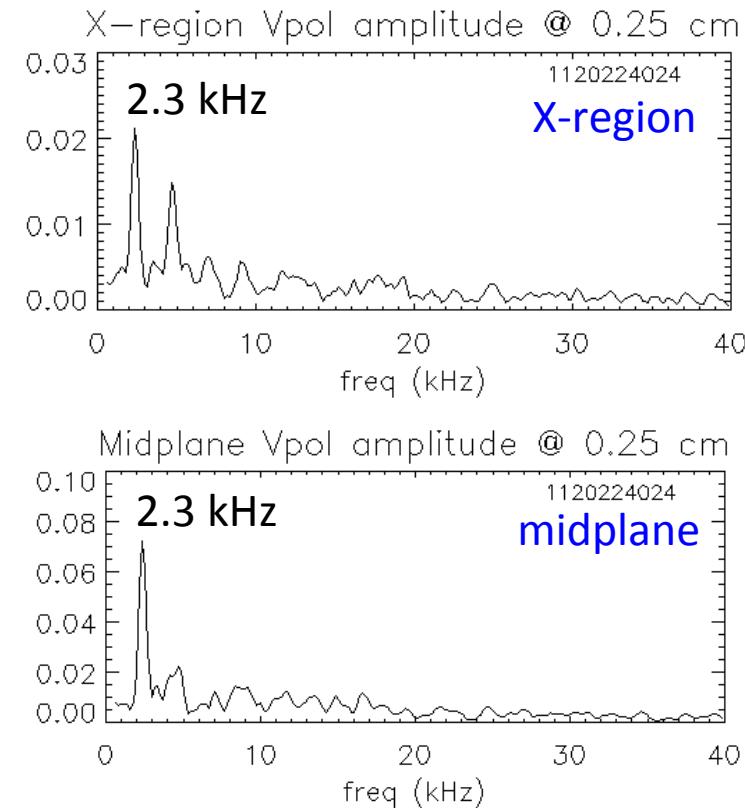
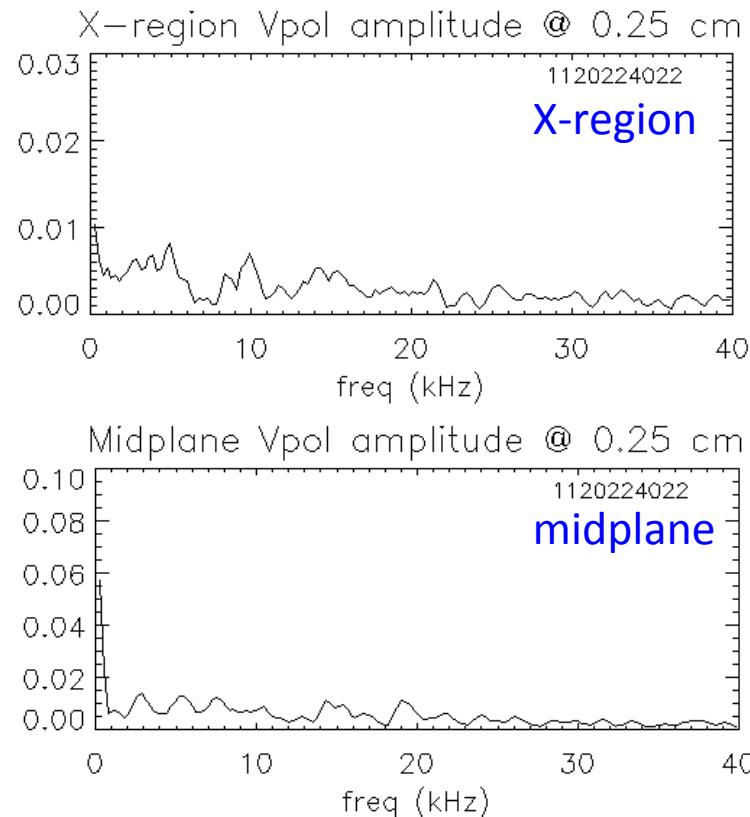
# Poloidal Turbulence Velocity vs. Time

- Usually  $V_{\text{pol}}$  has random-looking fluctuations vs. time,  $\delta V_{\text{pol}} \leq V_{\text{pol}}$



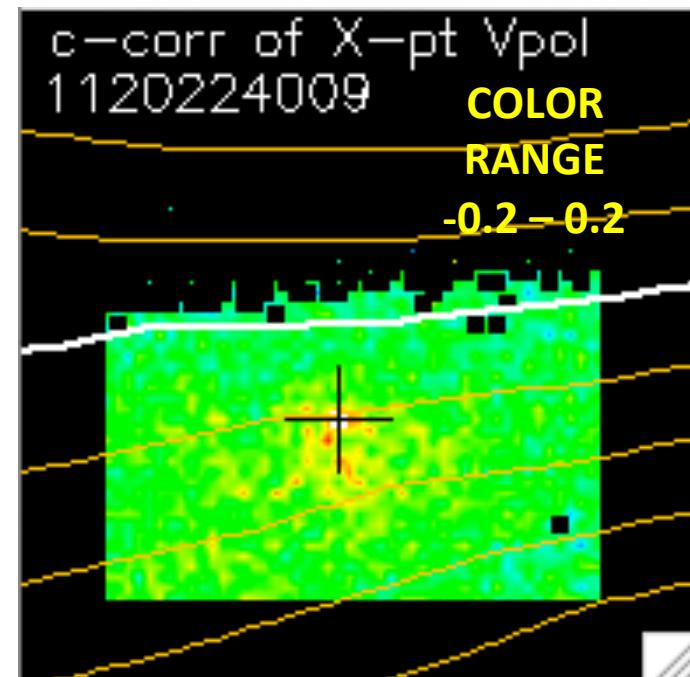
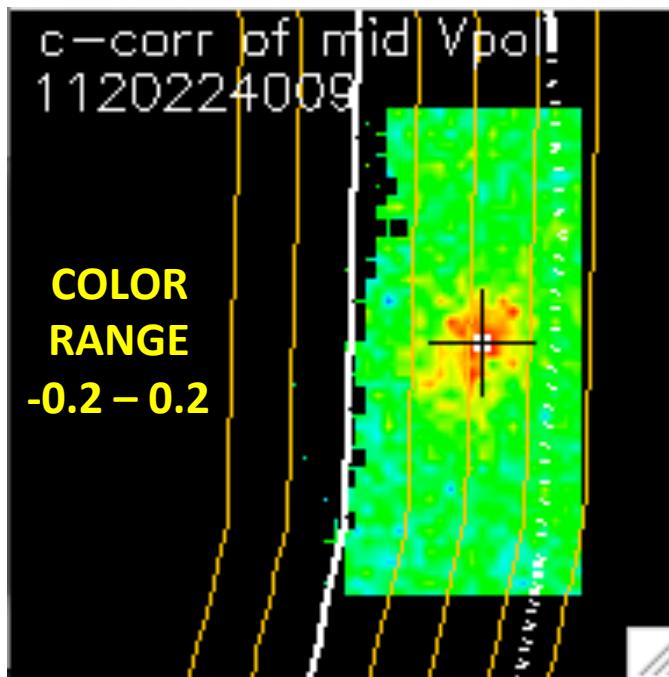
# Spectrum of Poloidal Velocity Fluctuations

- Spectrum of  $\delta V_{\text{pol}}$  normally broad in both X-region and midplane
- Occasional strong low frequency oscillations @ 2-5 kHz in both



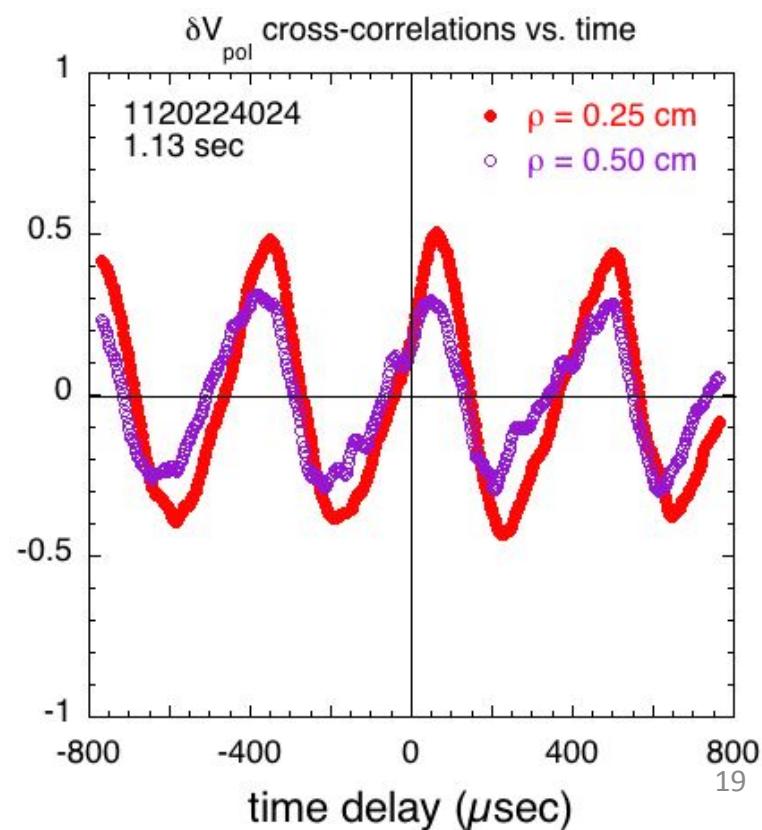
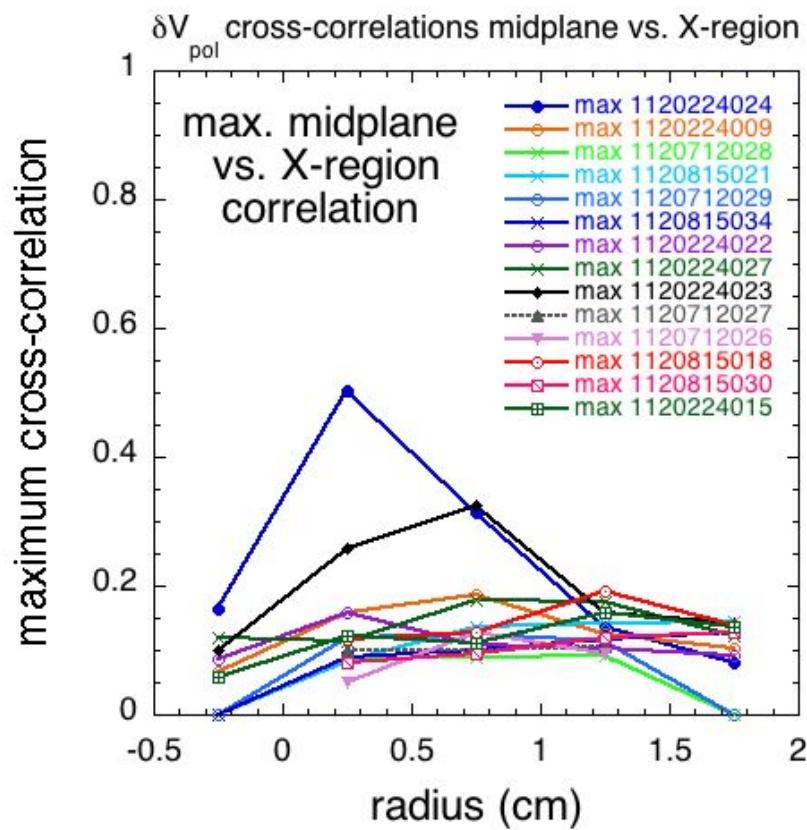
# Spatial Correlation of Velocity Fluctuations

- Typically only a weak local cross-correlation of  $V_{\text{pol}}$  over space at zero time delay in either midplane or X-region of SOL
- Indicates that large-scale “*zonal flows*” are *not dominant* in either midplane or X-region view of SOL



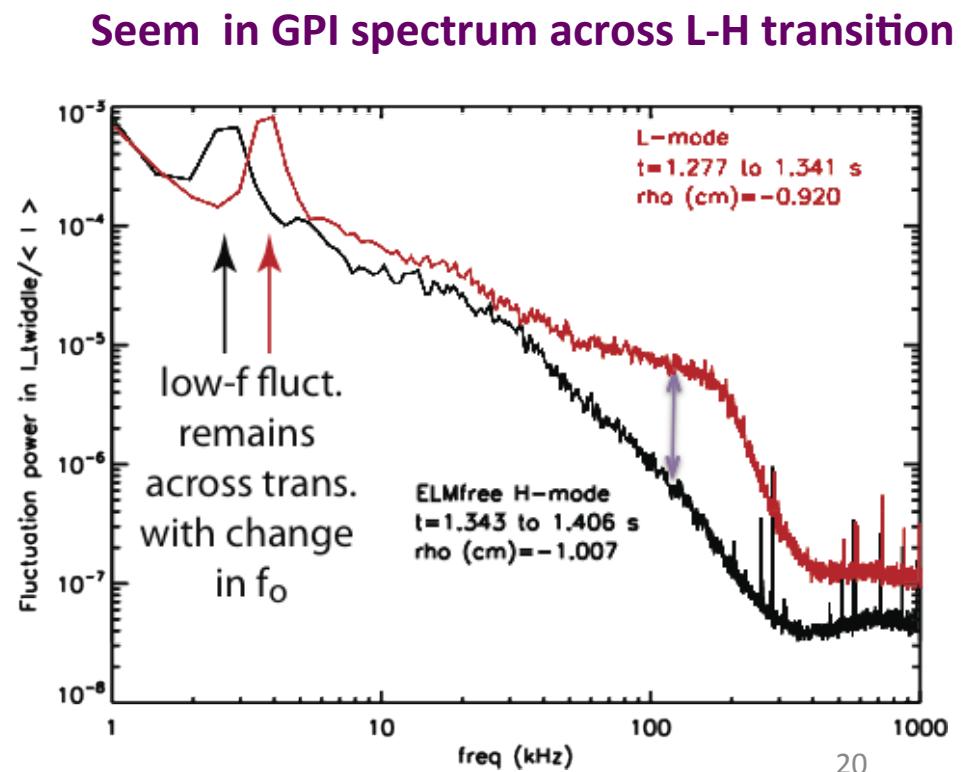
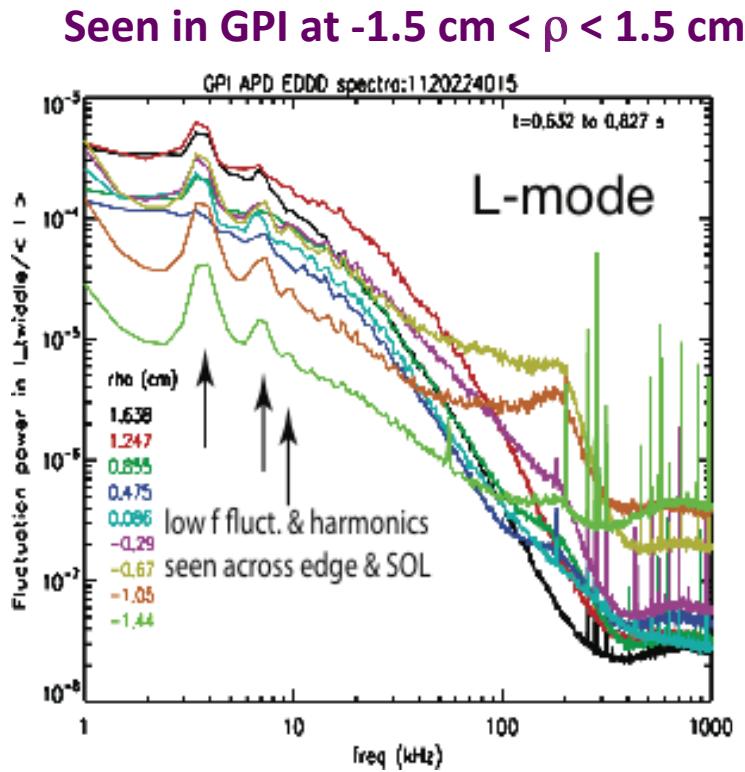
# Cross-Correlation of Midplane with X-region

- Normally no cross-correlation of  $\delta V_{\text{pol}}$  in midplane vs. X-region
- Biggest cross-correlation with 2.3 kHz oscillation (1120224024)



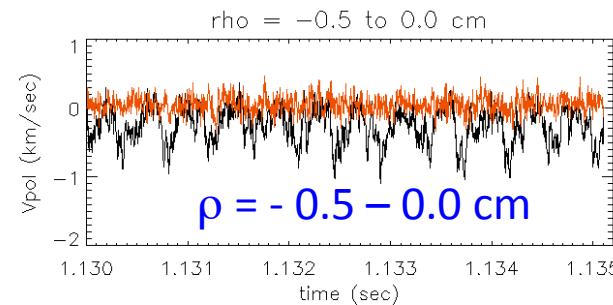
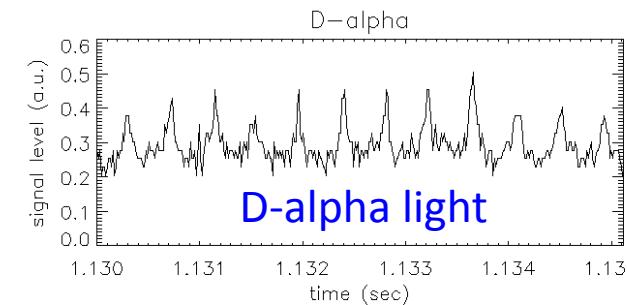
# “New” Low Frequency Edge Oscillations

- Sometimes 2-5 kHz edge coherent fluctuations measured on  $D_\alpha$ , reflectometer, probes, magnetics, and interferometer
- Perhaps similar to ‘predator-prey’ oscillations on DIII-D, EAST

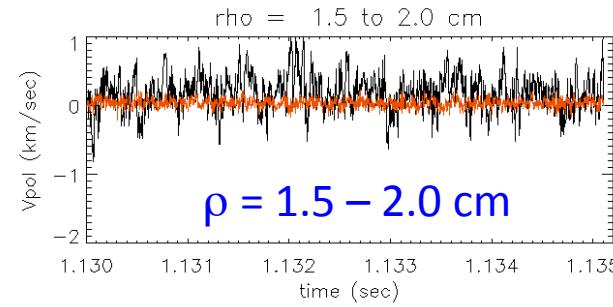
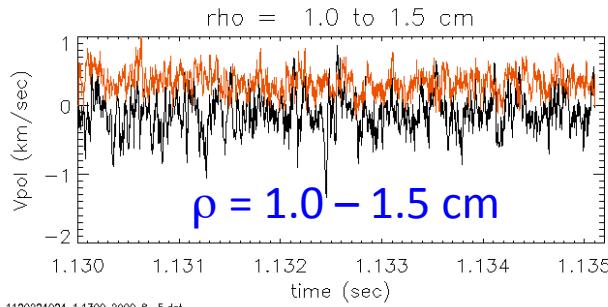
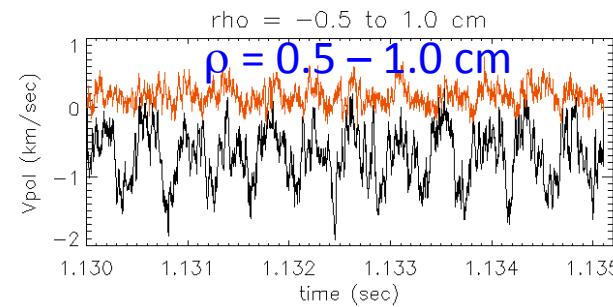
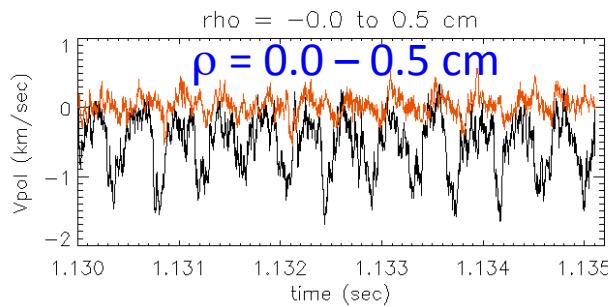


# Poloidal Velocity During Edge Oscillations

- These edge oscillations can have a large poloidal flow modulation
- Oscillation in midplane leads by ~50-65  $\mu$ sec, thus *not zonal flow*

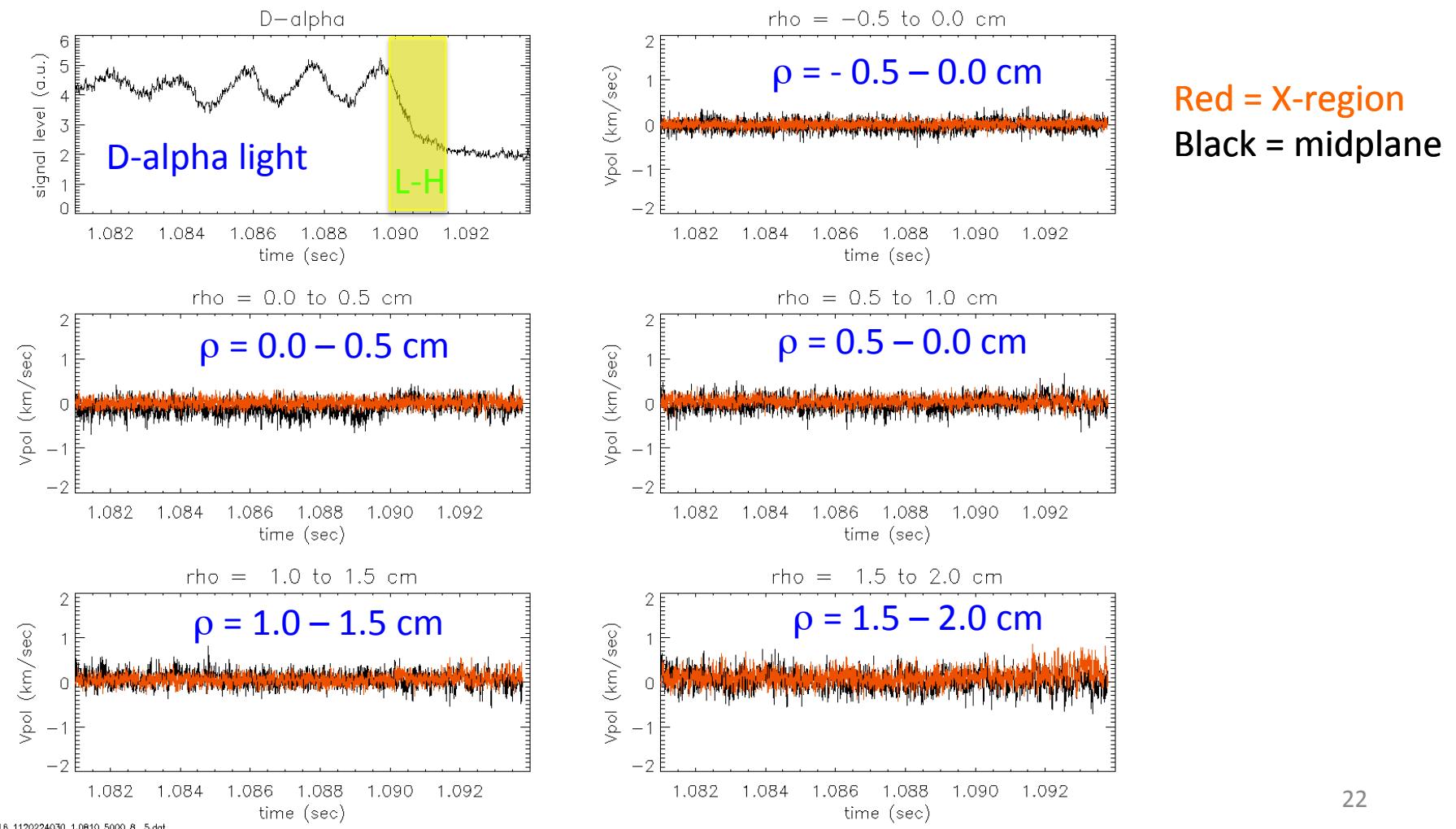


Black = midplane  
Red = X-region



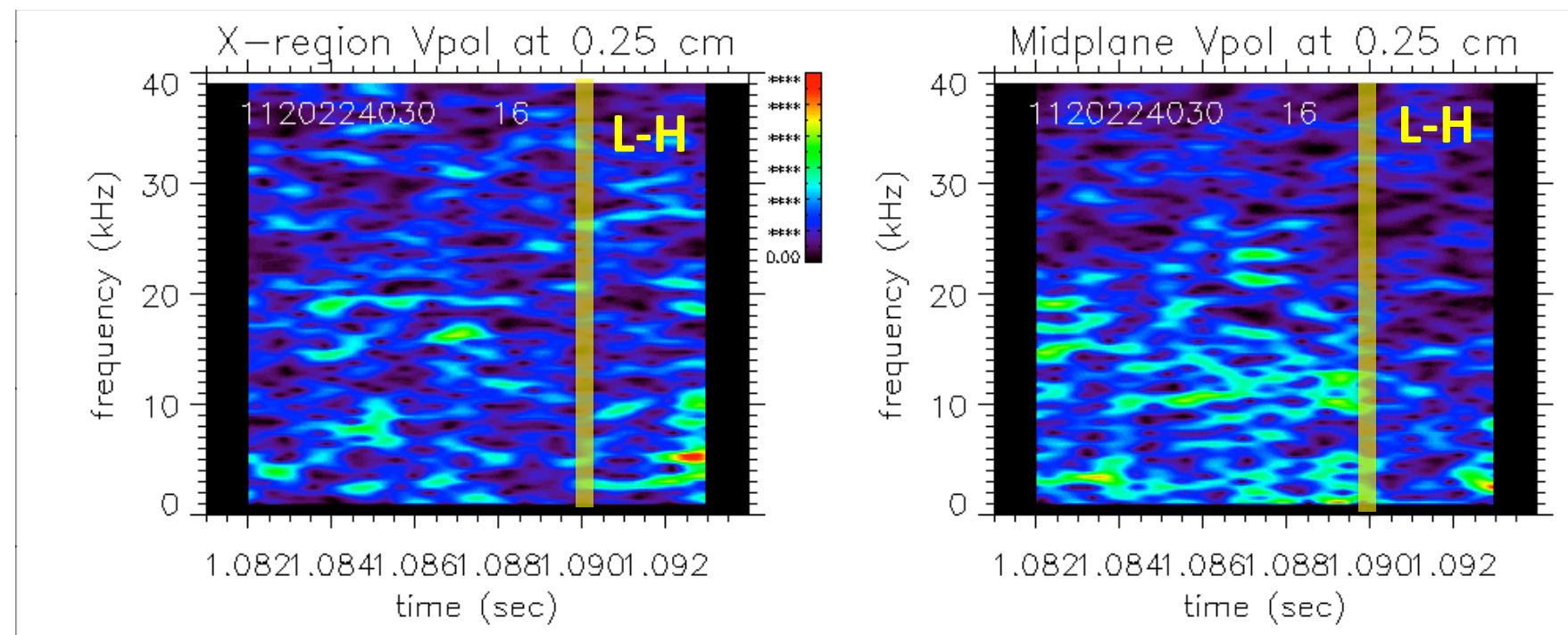
# Poloidal Velocity During an L-H Transition

- Little or no poloidal velocity changes before L-H transition



# Poloidal Velocity Spectra at L-H Transition

- In at least some cases in this database, *NO* clear coherent zonal flow before L-H transition, in contrast to the shot at lower density shown in Zweben et al, PPCF 2012



## Summary and Conclusions

- Turbulence in X-region SOL is *more elliptical* than at midplane, somewhat similar to flux surfaces mapping
- Time-averaged and fluctuating poloidal velocity of turbulence in SOL is usually *different* between midplane and X-region
- Poloidal flow fluctuations only correlated between midplane and X-region during new low frequency mode at **2-5 kHz**

*some evidence for connection of blobs between two regions,  
but no evidence for large-scale ‘zonal flows’ in SOL*